Skype a Scientist: The Human Microbiome

With Andrew Leduc

Introduction:



Andrew Leduc

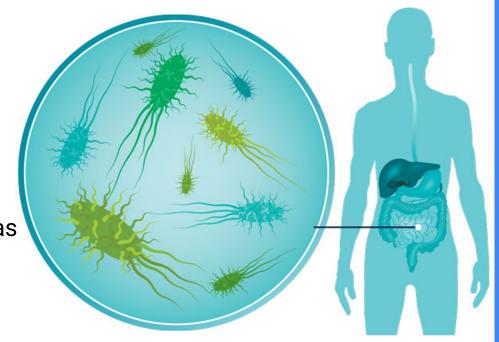
- Graduate Student Researcher at Northeastern University in Boston Massachusetts
- Member of the Slavov Laboratory

Research: Proteomics, the large scale study of proteins and their functions.

Focus on drug resistance in skin cancer

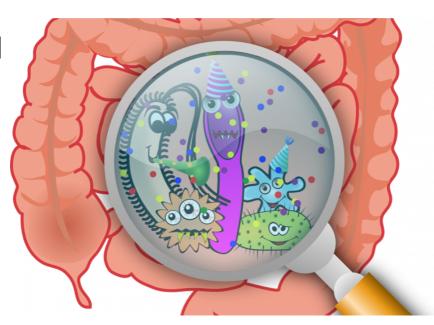
Human Gut Microbiome

- Gut microbiota are the microorganisms that live in the digestive tracts of humans
 - ➤ Bacteria (99%)
 - > Archaea
 - > Fungi
- 3 times as many microorganisms as cells in our body
- Between 300 and 1000 different species



What do these Microorganisms do?

- Symbiotic cohabitation
 - ➤ Living inside us is essential to their survival as well!
- Impact Human health
 - > Metabolism
 - > Immune
 - > Nervous System
 - Mood
 - Anxiety

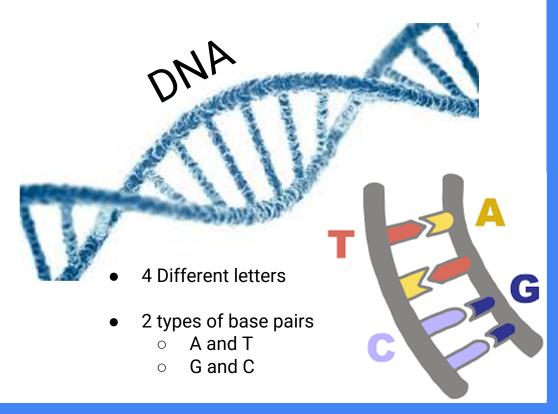


How do these Microorganisms affect us?

Let's take a step back!

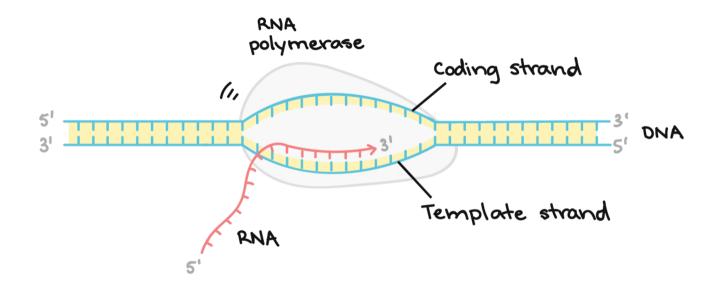
Central Dogma (How Cell's function)

- DNA stores all the information inside a cell
- Each series of base pairs, or gene, codes for a different protein



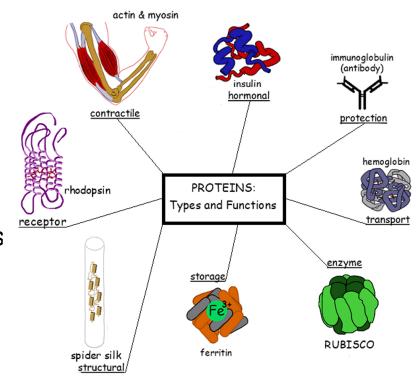
Central Dogma (How Cell's function)

RNA: copies certain genes from the DNA in process called transcription

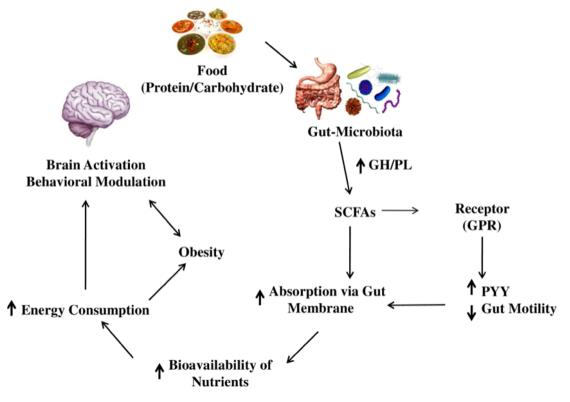


Central Dogma (How Cell's function)

- Proteins: carry out all of cell's functions!
 - > Movement
 - Growth and maintenance
 - > Determines structure
 - ➤ Enzymes:
 - Break down other molecules
 - Perform chemical reactions
- RNA is translated to proteins at the ribosome



How does the Gut Microbiome affect us?



- Help break down food we eat by producing enzymes
- Transforms food into other molecules via proteins
 - Neurotransmitters that affect your mood
 - Minerals you need
- Attacks foreign bacteria to help our immune system

Active Science On Gut Microbiome

Identification - We still don't know all the organisms that live inside us!

Function - The gut microbiome could affect us in ways we still don't understand

Active Science On Gut Microbiome

Article | Open Access | Published: 11 November 2020

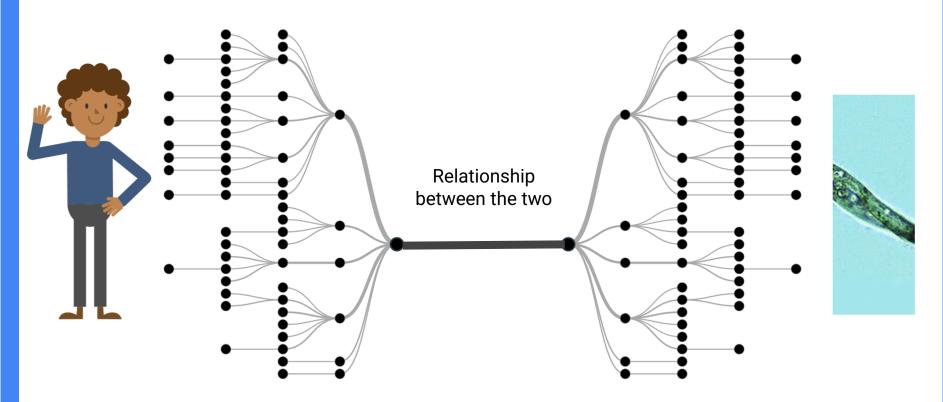
Gut microbiota depletion by chronic antibiotic treatment alters the sleep/wake architecture and sleep EEG power spectra in mice

Yukino Ogawa, Chika Miyoshi, Nozomu Obana, Kaho Yajima, Noriko Hotta-Hirashima, Aya Ikkyu, Satomi Kanno, Tomoyoshi Soga, Shinji Fukuda ☑ & Masashi Yanagisawa ☑

Scientific Reports 10, Article number: 19554 (2020) | Cite this article

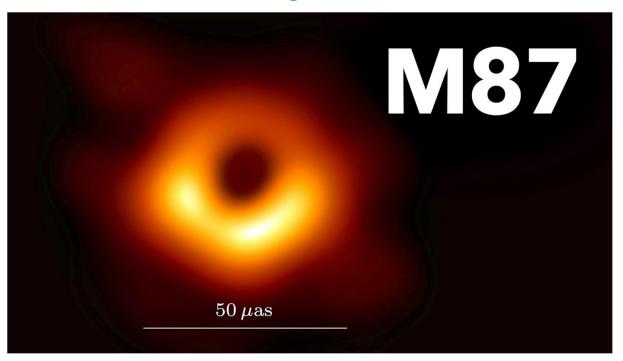
Metrics

Complexity in the Gut Microbiome



Why Become A Scientist?

Science is Cool! And Humans are Naturally Curious



At its best, Science is Collaborative, Fair, and Objective



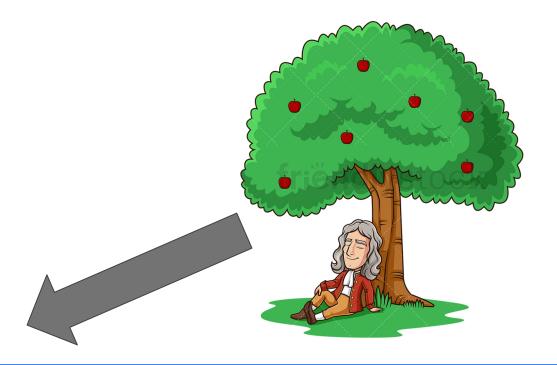
The World Runs on Science!

- Your Computer, your TV
- Medicine
- Agriculture
- Our understanding of the world



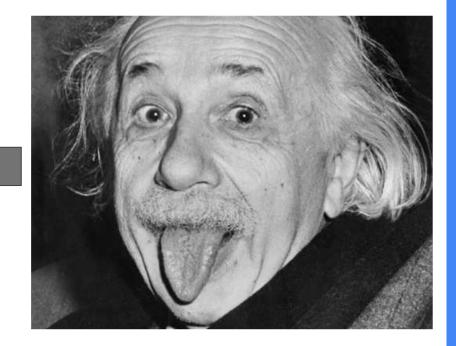


You Have a Chance to leave your mark on history!



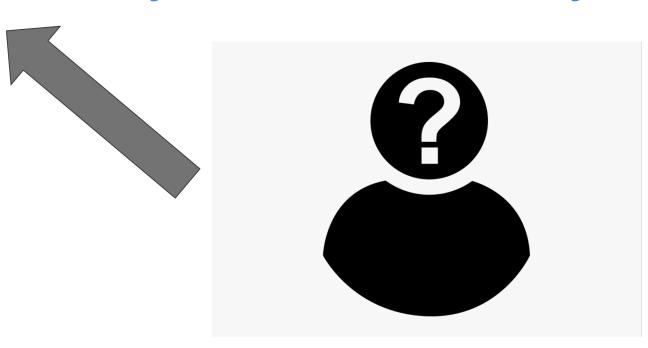


You Have a Chance to leave your mark on history!





You Have a Chance to leave your mark on history!



Who Can Become A Scientist?

Anyone Interested! ... You!

- Don't get discouraged by a hard science or math class
 - ➤ You are all capable!
- All types of different skill sets are valuable in science
 - > Everyone has a unique perspective to contribute

Anyone Interested! ... You!

 Nobel Prize given for genetic editing to Jennifer Doudna and Emmanuelle Charpentier



Jennifer Doudna and Emmanuelle Charpentier share the 2020 Nobel chemistry prize for their discovery of a game-changing gene-editing technique. Credit: Alexander Heinel/Picture Alliance/DPA

How to Become A Scientist?

Get Inspired!

Podcasts:

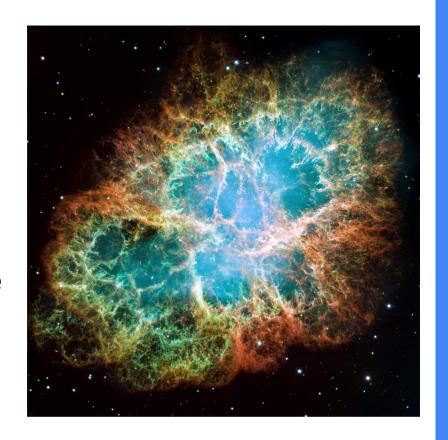
- Lex Friedman Podcast
- Mindscape: Sean Carroll

Books:

Michio Kaku: Physics of the Future

Shows:

Fabric of the Cosmos: Brian Green



Graduate School: Getting your PhD

- Training to become a scientist!
- Get to work on fascinating problems, conduct experiments, analyze data, and publish results!
- Something you can apply to after your Undergraduate degree
- ❖ 4-5 years
- It's free and you are paid for your living expenses

Graduate School: Getting your PhD



Futures Issue: Soft Matter: Synthesis, Processing and Products

Rheological properties and structure of step- and chain-growth gels concentrated above the overlap concentration

First published: 18 December 2017 | https://doi.org/10.1002/aic.16062 | Citations: 5

Thanks!

Questions?

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